

# Valor: Low-Overhead Detection of Region Serializability Violations in Software

Swarnendu Biswas, Ohio State University



Collaborators: Minjia Zhang, Michael D. Bond (Ohio State University), Brandon Lucia (Carnegie Mellon University)

## C++ and Java Memory Models

Data-race-free programs → Strong semantics

Synchronization-free regions execute atomically

Provides no or weak semantics for racy programs

```

A a = null;
boolean init = false;

Thread 1           Thread 2
a = new A();        if (init)
                   a.method();

Can there be a null pointer exception?
  
```

"The inability to define reasonable semantics for programs with data races is... a fundamental hole in the foundation of our languages and systems."  
– Adve & Boehm, CACM 2010

## Data Race Detection

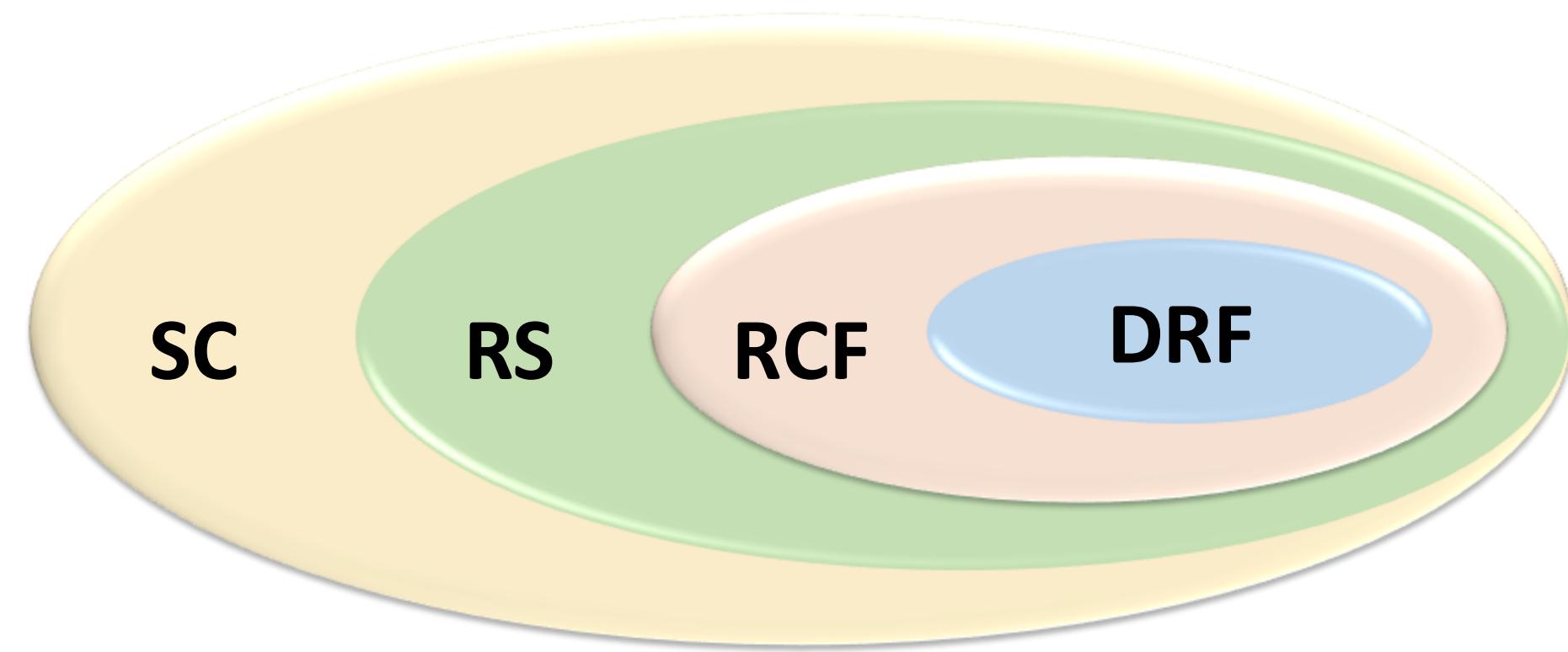
Existing sound and precise techniques are expensive<sup>1</sup>

Difficult to use to provide runtime guarantees

## Region Conflict Detection

Detect all possible SFR serializability violations

An exception corresponds to a true data race



### Drawbacks of existing approaches

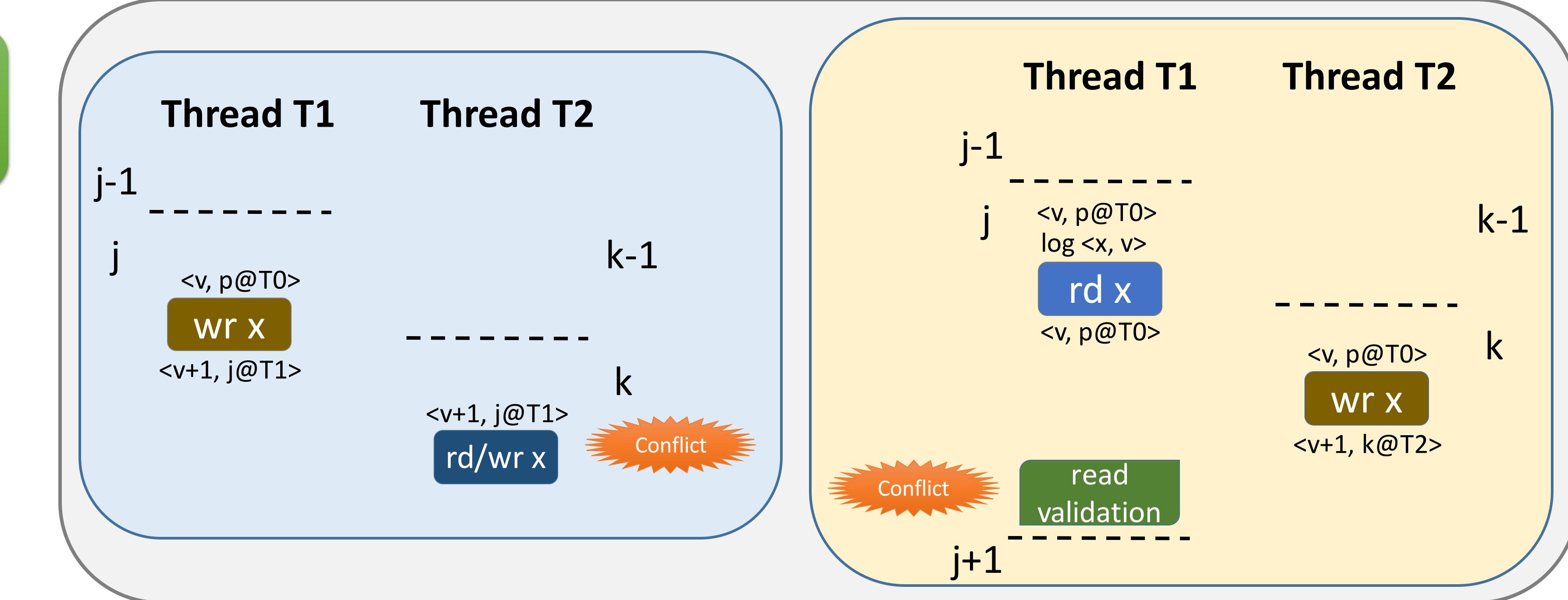
- ✗ Software implementations add high overhead
- ✗ Tracking last readers is expensive
- ✗ Hardware customizations required for performance<sup>2,3</sup>

## Valor: Lazy Conflict Detection in Software

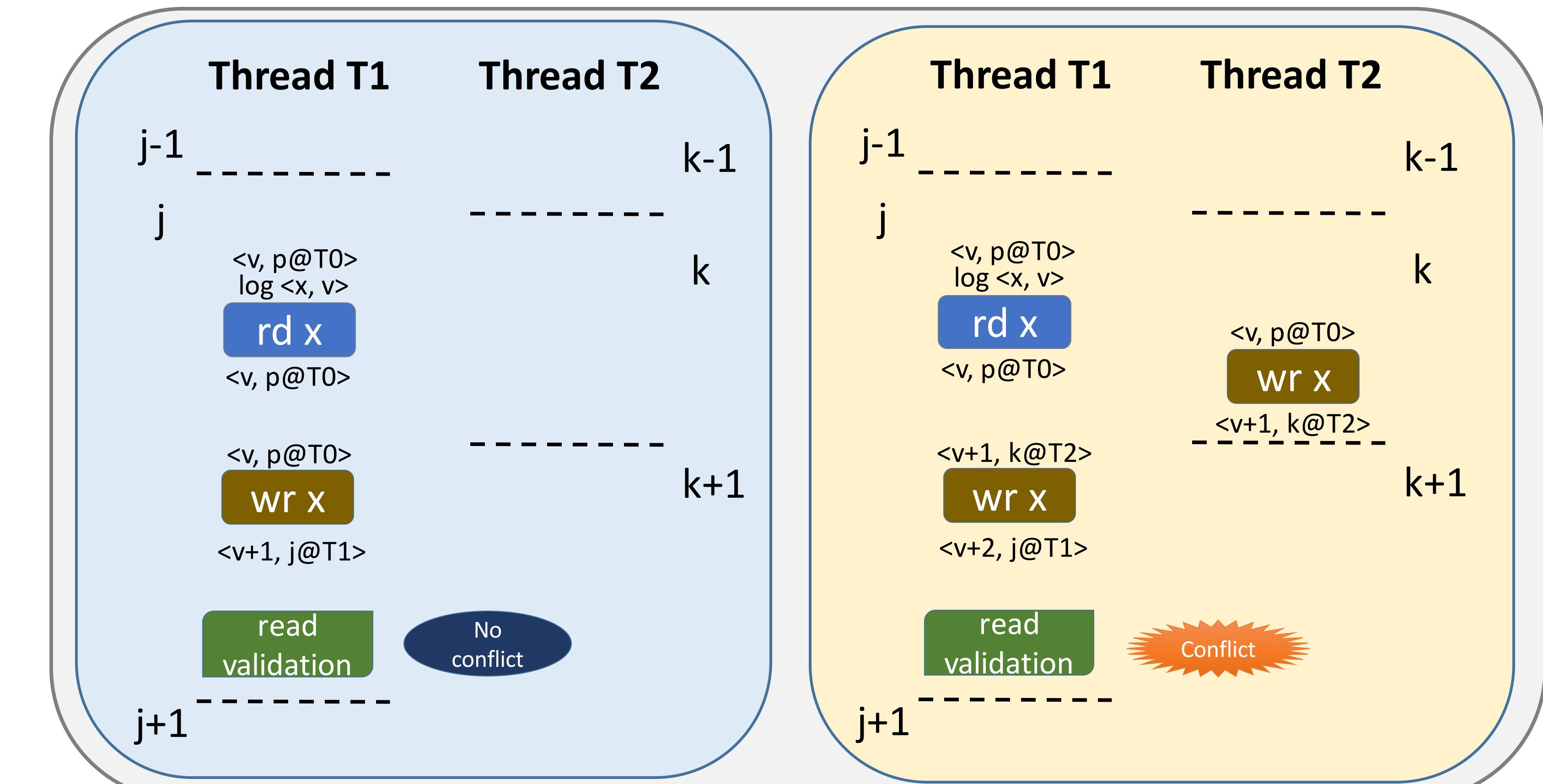
Elide tracking last readers, only track last writer

### Valor: Validating anti-dependences lazily on release

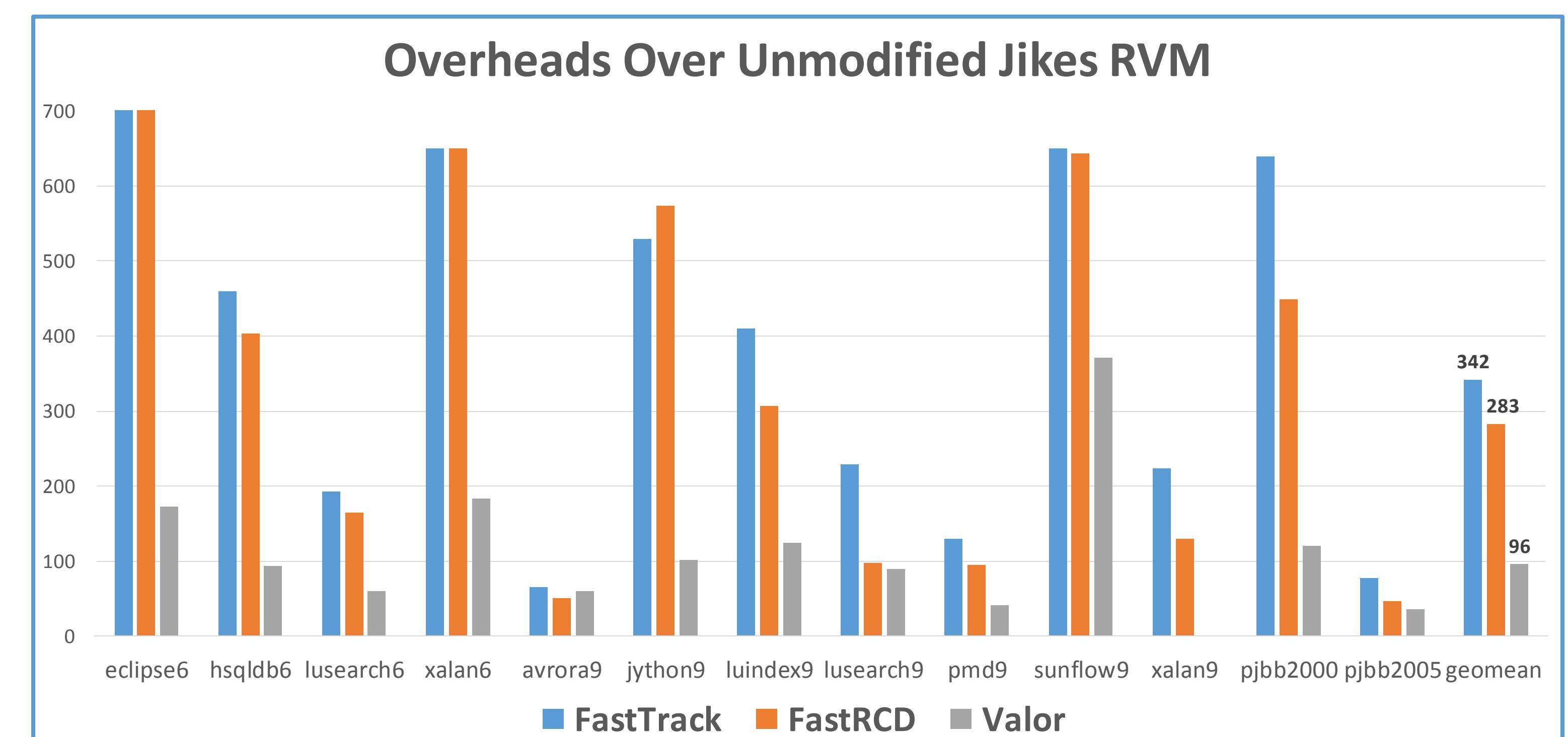
Precise exceptions for **WAW** and **RAW** conflicts  
**WAR** exceptions delayed till region boundaries



Valor must maintain versions to detect conflicts soundly and precisely



## Performance



1. Flanagan and Freund. FastTrack: Efficient and Precise Dynamic Data Race Detection. PLDI 2009.

2. Lucia et al. Conflict Exceptions: Simplifying Concurrent Language Semantics With Precise Hardware Exceptions for Data-Races. ISCA 2010.

3. Marino et al. DRFX: A Simple and Efficient Memory Model for Concurrent Programming Languages. PLDI 2010.